

The Councillors In Session.

Small Amount of Business Before the Aldermen Last Evening.

Council Decides Not to Purchase Another Street Sprinkler.

The city council had a small amount of business to dispose of last evening and consequently adjournment came early.

C. A. P. Paris, of the Royal Canadian Humane Association at Hamilton, offered the city council at 25c. each posters giving directions for the resuscitation of seemingly drowned persons. The purchasing agent will be ordered to purchase twenty-five copies for the use of the corporation.

The secretary of the local Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals called attention to the loose stones, etc., on the streets of the city which caused much unnecessary pain to animals. He referred to city engineer to see that the stones are raked off the thoroughfares.

The city of Whatcom intended a cordial invitation for the aldermen and board of trade to assist in the celebration at that city of the 123rd anniversary of the Declaration of Independence which was accepted.

Mr. A. E. Haynes, secretary of the society of Native Sons of British Columbia, asked that the city council add the association in the way of giving its members the preference when vacancies may occur in the city hall staff or other civic work.

Mr. Williams expressed sympathy with the letter, while Ald. MacGregor thought it was casting a reflection on citizens who more recently arrived. No question should be asked as to how long a man had been in the city provided he was capable.

The letter was received and filed.

Drake, Jackson & Delucan again called attention to a former letter in connection with a wharf at the chemical works and asking for a reply.

The matter was laid over for one week.

A. W. More & Co. acknowledged receipt of answer in connection with a permanent sidewalk at Messrs. Saunders & Co., Johnson street, and stating that a week had passed and nothing had been done.

The city engineer will be instructed to carry out the work.

R. J. Randall complained that the new sidewalk on Simcoe street was laid too high and is otherwise defective. Referred to the city engineer.

Thos Hooper on behalf of J. A. Levy, of No. 120 Vancouver street asked that a connection be allowed to be made with the sewer. The engineer will report.

Thos. Fletcher objected to the council interfering with the post used to retain the sign over his store. Received and filed and Mr. Fletcher to be informed that the council has no power to prevent the removal of the post.

The city engineer reported as follows:

"Re Belleville street improvements between Birdege Walk and McCrae street, I would respectfully recommend before moving the stone crusher from its present locality, to crush the stone now on the dump and place some on above street, together with the macadam which will be taken from Fort street. This would put Belleville street in a condition for heavy traffic in the event of James Bay bridge being closed. The cinder walk on east side of Birdege Walk would require to be raised from the present plank walk, or to construct a plank walk to the point mentioned. Total estimated cost \$85."

"Messrs. Henderson Bros. re permanent sidewalk to be laid in front of their premises on Yates street. I would recommend a concrete walk to be constructed from the alley, lot 190, to Wharf street, a distance of 170 feet, as the plank walk is at present in very bad condition.

"Re street grades for permanent sidewalks in the city. I find it impossible to lay out the work in accordance with those which have been established some years ago, as said grades have not been observed in many cases; consequently the new work will require to be varied at street intersections in a manner best suited to previous construction. I therefore respectfully ask permission to be allowed to use my best judgment in matters of this kind; also what my duty will be in cases where the plans of buildings come below the grade of the sidewalk. I herewith transmit for your consideration a profile of Government street, east side, between Yates and Johnson streets, showing elevation of all door steps providing work is put to the proper grade, etc.

"The city carpenter reports and recommends a new plank walk on Henry street, south side, between numbers 87 and 93, a distance of 182 feet, estimated cost, \$35."

In connection with the recommendations re the rock crusher and Birdege walk, Ald. Hayward thought it was a mistake to cart the macadam so far when it was badly needed in the present locality, while Ald. Humphrey said Belleville street needed repairs whether it was with the broken rock on hand or with new material.

Ald. Kinsman pointed out that the rock on hand would not do to place anywhere except on a clay road like Belleville street, and new macadam would even then be required on top.

The clause was finally laid over for a reference to the street committee.

The matter of the permanent sidewalk opposite Henderson Bros. on Yates street was laid over as was also clause 3—re street grades.

The new sidewalk on Henry street was ordered to be laid.

The health officer reported as to the fire at the loper station, Darcy island, particulars of which have already been published. This was received and filed.

J. G. Brown and eleven others pointed out the lack of drainage on North Chatman street. Referred to the city engineer for a report.

Tenders for the supply of sewer pipe were read for the Pembroke street drain as follows: B. C. Pottery Co., 12-inch pipe at 40 cents; 9-inch pipe at 25¢ cents \$34.00. J. W. Keller, 12-inch pipe at 54¢ cents, 9-inch pipe at 36 cents. The tender of the B. C. Pottery Co. was accepted.

The park committee recommended that the swans for Harrison Hot Springs be donated as requested by Mr. Wilson.

The special committee to the Earl of St. Clair re swimming baths, recommended that \$75 per annum be voted for the lease of lots from M. Henry on the Arm, and if the

offer be accepted, \$50 be appropriated for the building of dressing booths.

Ald. Hayward stated that the property was valued at \$2,500, and the \$75 offered was very little. The owner had complained that he was unable to secure police protection, failing which he had scattered broken bottles in the water to keep the boy away.

Several aldermen—"He should have been sent to gaol."

Ald. Humphrey had never seen any damage done, and he had been to the property many times. It was pure meanness on the part of the owner, and any man who would throw broken bottles into the water where children went to swim was undeserving of any patronage.

The report was rejected.

The fire wardens reported in the matter of the board of fire underwriters for the inspection of electric light wires, recommending that a by-law be prepared. The report was adopted.

The usual batch of accounts was passed for payment.

Ald. Macgregor's motion looking to the purchase of another sprinkler for the use of the business portions of the city was then taken up. In speaking to his motion the alderman said it was necessary either to curtail the territory now attempted to be sprinkled or provide an additional cart. The new machine would cost \$530, and could be built in the city within 35 days of signing the contract.

Ald. Cameron thought it would be more advantageous to curtail the streets sprinkled, as it was too late in the year to buy a new cart.

Ald. Kinsman was of opinion that a special rate should be levied on the streets sprinkled for that particular service.

The Mayor, while in favor of the idea, pointed out that before the new sprinkler could be in use it would be a within a month of the wet season and therefore too late. He thought the money would do more good if spent on the streets. The motion was put and lost.

The motion by the same alderman for the election of three directors on the board to represent the city in the board of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital was then given attention. A ballot was spread and the following were declared elected: Messrs. H. M. Grahame, J. Foreman, R. S. Day, A. E. Lewis and J. Crimp.

Ald. Humphrey's motion to introduce a by-law to amend the sidewalk by law to allow entrance to basements through the permanent sidewalks was read and the by-law was read a first time. The council then went into committee on the by-law. The mayor pointed out that this by-law was not to grant new privileges, but to confirm existing rights. People who had been granted the permission to make areas under the sidewalk should be allowed access to them by the streets.

Ald. Kinsman drew attention to the abuse of the privileges by people who keep the trap doors to their basements open at the busiest time of the day. Many of them also were dangerous under any conditions. Unless regulations were made to put a stop to the nuisance he was opposed to granting the privilege.

Ald. Cameron thought that to take away this privilege in many cases would work a hardship, and it was an open question whether the council could do away with trap doors to basements without the consent of owners. In order to have the specifications before the council the committee rose and will sit again this evening.

THE PROMINENCE OF WATER AT SOCIAL FUNCTIONS.

Bonfond, the leading American wine journal, says: The popularity of Apollinaris apparently has no limit. It is to be had in practically all parts of the world; and here, as in England, at every social gathering, The Queen of Tables is brought into evidence. The means of the Assembly balls given at the Waldorf-Astoria; the Metropolitan Club, dance, at Sherry's, as well as the Vanderbilt and Astor balls, and the various large balls given at the winter and spring socials, are all Apollinaris. While the viands and wines vary, there is one uniform feature about the menus of these social functions, the presence thereof of Apollinaris.

All these menus are of interest in other respects, they have from time to time been reprinted here, but the following recent ones are no less worthy of notice:

Dinner to President McKinley at the Union League Club, Philadelphia, April 27, 1899:

Blue Points. Apollinaris. Madeira. Consome Printander. Dried Orange. Raisins. Cucumbers. Breast of Chicken a la Perigord. Ribs of Spring Lamb. Mint Sauce. Fresh Green Peas and Bermuda Potatoes. Punch. Cigarettes. Terrapin a la Union League. Champagne. Asparagus Tips. French Dressing. Roquefort and Camembert. Strawberry Toss. Cognac. Blister to Senator Fryer in the Waldorf-Astoria April 27, given by the summer social bodies of New York City, at which there were nearly six hundred diners:

Blue Points. Bonfond. Printander.

Asparagus. Sardines. Hollandaise. Sophs de Patisserie.

Pommes Persillade. Salade de Concombres. St. Emilion. Coquilles des Gourmets. Mignon d'Agenais. Coquilles. Sance.

Pommes Palestine. Tomatoes Farces aux pommes. Champagne.

Asperges Nouvelles. Soupe Hollandaise. Sophs de Patisserie.

Puiner Port. Salade de Laitue. Entremets de Dacour. Glaces. Assorted Liqueurs. Apollinaris. Cafe.

HER FAVORITE.

"I think," said Miss Bronx, "that my favorite tree is the oak. Why is your favorite tree, Miss Penn?"

"My favorite," replied the Philadelphia maiden, "is the genealogical tree." Detroit Free Press.

THE COUNCILLORS IN SESSION.

Mr. Mackintosh In Rossland.

Fortune Has Smiled Upon the
Ex-Governor's Enterprise
at That Camp.

He First Enlisted London Capital
Which Now Controls Richest Properties.

Rossland, June 25.—The banquet given by ex-Governor Mackintosh on his return from England was the most significant and remarkable event in the history of the Kootenays. It deserves far more than passing comment. At the festive board was gathered the most remarkable gathering of able men that ever came together in British Columbia. Distinguished citizens of the United States, ex-cabinet ministers of the Dominion, the attorney general of the Province and the ex-attorney general were there, and so were world famous mining experts, journalists, jurists and lawyers, as well as merchants, bankers and railroad representatives. It was a magnificent ovation to a man who has done great things for his country and a man whose personal magnetism had made him one of the most remarkable men of his time.

C. H. Mackintosh has been in the public eye for more than a generation. Trained to a career of journalism, for many years he edited a newspaper at Ottawa, and during that time he was the idol of the city, being elected mayor and then one of the city's representatives in the Dominion parliament. A delightful raconteur, a charming companion and a brilliant journalist, he has been the intimate of the great men that have shaped the fortunes of the Dominion for the past generation. Lord Dufferin and Lord Lansdowne and other governors general admired and liked him, and his party honored itself and him when in 1883 he was appointed Lieutenant-governor of the Northwest Territories. The world knew little of Charles Mackintosh then. He was a poor man, for wealth and fortune had never smiled on him, and when he left Ottawa for the west he bore little to his new home but a light heart and a family consisting of beautiful and accomplished girls, of promising boys and an ideal wife. He was known as a man of honor and a man of genius, but few people who had known him for a generation dreamed that his appointment to the office of lieutenant-governor of the Northwest Territories was the beginning of great things for Mr. Mackintosh. But out on the prairies of the Northwest Charles Mackintosh began a new career. He had a clearer vision of the Dominion and its destiny. The boundless possibilities of the mighty West he had seen before, as if in a dream; but in 1883 he was cast into this mighty West, and he saw clearly what had been hazy and mist before. There were those boundless prairies that some day would produce corn, and cattle sufficient to feed an empire, and those mountains seemed with treasure from the Kootenays to the Klondike.

To aid in the development of those vast resources, to have a hand in the upbuilding of a region of boundless wealth and possibilities, was the spring of Charles Mackintosh's ambition. It gave him new life to plan and dream of the great things that were to be for the West, and in the early days of Rossland he came among the prospectors and pioneers to absorb from them that knowledge which is power. From the prospector and miner Mackintosh soon acquired a wonderful knowledge of the wealth of the mineral resources of British Columbia.

Rossland. It must be remembered, owed its early development entirely to Spokane people; and while these same Spokane folk were striving to develop gold mines at Rossland, Spokane and almost everybody in it went into bankruptcy. The business buildings and the homes that the Spokane pioneers had built fell into the hands of a Dutch loan company; but those same Spokaneites went boldly on digging and drilling for new fortunes in the hills of Trail Creek. The early history of the Le Roil and War Eagle and Centre Star and Joshua and Columbia and Kootenay is linked with privation, disappointment, distress and despair. The payment of dividends in 1885 by the War Eagle gave a fresh impetus, but it was soon found that the dividends had been prematurely paid, and then an less fresh capital was essential for development. The War Eagle might pay no more dividends. It was then that C. H. Mackintosh appeared upon the scene and soon grasped the situation. He saw that Rossland could be properly worked only by a great aggregation of capital, and that Spokane owners could never get the capital to develop the Rossland gold mines. The money to do it should be had from London, the heart of the financial world, and thither Mr. Mackintosh betook himself to secure capital for Rossland mines.

With the aid of the Marquis of Dufferin he formed a company called the British-American Corporation, with a capital of \$7,500,000. It had taken the money kings and the statesmen of England and believed in the wealth of Canadian gold mines, and he returned to Rossland with millions for investment. Under his guidance nearly five millions were spent in acquiring mining property at Rossland, and another million has since been spent in mining and improvements. Twenty thousand feet of shafts or tunnels have been driven in the Corporation's properties since they were acquired, less than two years ago, and the properties that Mr. Mackintosh bought for less than five million could not now be acquired for less than twenty millions.

The Le Roil was first acquired by Colonel Topping in 1880 for \$12,500. Later some Spokane lawyers bought it for about \$15,000, and in 1888 Governor Mackintosh paid on the basis of \$10,000 for the control. Now it is easily worth \$10,000,000. The Le Roil is really a phenomenon, and it is indeed fittingly called Le Roil. It will take a year to pit it in proper shape for economic mining, but when it is in shape it can mine one thousand tons of ore a day and make profits of \$2,500,000 yearly. Then it can pay at least \$100,000 in monthly dividends. No. 1 was bought by Mackintosh for \$175,000. He had found out from the gossip of the miners working in the War Eagle that No. 1 was the westerly extension of the War Eagle mine, and that it would prove equally rich with the famous War Eagle. Mr. T. G. Blackstock had discovered the same thing, and had told Mr. Hastings to buy it for the War Eagle company, but Mackintosh was before him and got it for a song.

The War Eagle is considered a five million dollar mine, and the 1,000 tons fair to be its worthy rival. No. 1 belongs to the West Le Roil group, and in that group are the Josie and Annie and several fractions. There is not a miner in the Rossland camp that does not believe that the West Le Roil, including No. 1, will be the Le Roil itself as a gold producer and a dividend payer. The Columbia and Kootenay was bought by the governor little more than a year ago for \$275,000. Before the close of the year it will be in shape to ship one thousand tons of ore a day. The margin of profit will not equal that from the Le

Roil, but it will suffice to pay big dividends to the lucky stockholders. He bought another group called the East Le Roil, which includes the Nickel Plate, Golden Charlie and Great Western. Developments in these properties are not so favorable as in the others, but they are worth four times what they cost, for their surface rights alone. In fact the British-American Corporation possess in mines of Rossland the finest gold bearing quartz region in the Dominion. Centre Star is, I believe, equally as rich as Le Roil, and will be as big producer, and the corporation lost a great chance when they failed to buy the Centre Star. Mr. Mackintosh did all he could to induce them to buy it, but the Gooderham-Blackstock people gave in ahead. From the sale of their mining interests and dividends the Spokane owners of Rossland mines have received in the past four years somewhat like \$8,000,000. That money has gone to build palaces, villas and mansions for the old prospectors of the Kootenays, who now make Spokane their home. Some of it has gone to open up the mines of Republic, which will yet rival, if not surpass, Rossland as a gold producer. Already Spokane folks have made millions out of Republic, and those millions are being spent in the Boundary country. Indeed, the sale of Rossland mines to English and Canadian capitalists has stimulated gold mining throughout the states and Canada as it was never known to be stimulated before. The Klondike is a backwater in the development of the golden Kootenays and the mining era which is now upon the country is destined to produce an outflow of gold which will change the destinies of the nations of the world. And this is why the leading mining men of Canada and the western states love to honor ex-Governor C. H. Mackintosh.

His mining operations, begun but a few short years ago, have already a world-wide effect, and Canada and the United States are really his debtors. His success has been wonderful, not only in procuring capital, but also in securing fabulously rich property. He has still many years of activity before him, and with the new prestige which his success at Rossland has brought, there can hardly be a doubt that he will yet surpass even himself. He has the confidence of the mining and financial worlds, and as Canada is really only in the infancy of a colossal mining industry, he must surely follow that vast opportunity lie at the door of a man like C. H. Mackintosh.

His only rival in Canada so far as shrewd mining investments is concerned is, of course, Mr. T. G. Blackstock. Mr. Blackstock is a man of most careful, methodical business training and a famous lawyer man that nature seems to have fitted for a great political career, and yet a man who seems to be thoroughly fascinated by the opportunities and the possibilities which the mining industry of Canada affords to the most enterprising sons of the Dominion. Mr. Blackstock has had the great advantage of the financial support of Mr. George Gooderham, the biggest financial magnate of Canada, and this fact undoubtedly made smooth the path to the great success he has already achieved.

Four hundred miners are now employed in the mines of Rossland, and it won't be many years till five thousand horny-handed sons of toil are delving and drilling in the Rossland camp. Other great mines are looming up. The Velvet promises to rank among the greatest copper mines of the world. There are a dozen other War Eagle on Red Mountain, but they need the enterprise of such men as Mr. Blackstock and Mr. Mackintosh to develop them. They will, of course, come in time, and then Rossland will rank with the great gold camps of the earth. From now on I look to the steady growth of Rossland both as a gold producer and a trading centre. It is no longer what it was in the early days, the days before railroads and ships, and bateaux. Many of the old timers with whom we shared a meal of bacon at 11 hours in the hot or log cabin are gone over to the majority, and others are counting fortune new from Arizona to Dawson City. I could not help wondering to the old days, the night of the Mackintosh banquet.

In sooth was a banquet hall and viands and clams and cordials, liquors and luxuries that recalled Piccadilly or Rue Des Dames. Around that board were seated men whose evening dress was in latest Parisian style, and whose get-up bespoke culture and refinement. There were distinguished and graduates of Oxford, of Cambridge and Trinity seated beside brilliant men who came from Canadian or American universities. Were it not for the presence of Ross Thompson and Fred Riddle, Father Pat and Charlie Warren I should never dream of being in Rossland. The corduroys and overalls, the bushy beards, and the unkempt and yet picturesquely prospectors know Rossland no more, and henceforth the hub of the golden Kootenays must be content with being the most prosperous city in the Dominion.

P. A. O'FARRELL.
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PERSONAL.
Rev. Canon Padron returned last evening from a visit to the islands of the Gulf.

J. A. Thompson and R. Collister, steamboat inspectors, were passengers from the Mainland last evening.

D. R. Kerr was among the home coming Victorians on the Yosemite last evening.

Ernest C. Hayward, B.A.E.E., professor of mechanical engineering at the State College, Corvallis, Oregon, came over on the Utopia last evening on a two days' visit to his parents.

For any case of nervousness, sleeplessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Relief is sure. The only nerve medicine for the price in the market.

Flower Day Anniversary. There is little doubt that the prettiest church in Victoria last Sunday was the Centennial Methodist on the Gorge road. It was the annual flower day. The display of roses, carnations and other flowers tastefully arranged among the green foliage; the clusters of flowers hanging from the chandeliers; and the little feathered songsters in their cages hanging from the gallery, and joining now and then in the service of prayer, gave a strikingly artistic appearance, at once novel and effective. Mr. J. C. Speer occupied the pulpit in the morning and preached a sermon on "The Mission of Flowers." He prefaced his remarks by a compliment to the beauty of the flowers and doubted if any other city in the Dominion such a display could be secured for a church without going to what would seem almost unjustifiable expense.

In his opinion it would be in the best interest of the city to adopt the name of "Flower City of the Dominion," and so refer to it on all occasions. Thus would attention be directed to the beauty of the city.

In the evening the pastor, Rev. W. H. Barradough, occupied the pulpit and preached on "The Lessons of the Flowers." A large congregation gathered on both occasions. Next Sunday will be National Day, and the church will be decorated with the national flags. The pastor will preach patriotic sermons.

SICK HEADACHES
The curse of overworked woman-kind, are quickly and surely cured by Earl's Clover Root Tea, the great blood purifier and tissue builder. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts.

HOTEL DAWSON

JOHN MICHAEL Prop.

Lighted by electricity. First-class service. Centrally located. Cars pass the door to all parts of the city. Newly furnished and re-arranged throughout. Free baths.

Mails, 25c; beds, 25c; rooms, \$1.00 per week; board, \$4.00. Phone 618.

65, 67 and 69 Yates Street, - Victoria, B. C.

ONLY A GENTLE HUNT.

He was an angular man, with gray whiskers, relates Tit-Bits. He gave up his seat in the crowded train, came forward and spoke with the cheerfulness of his disposition. The lady who took the proffered seat was stout and hearty. She slipped into the vacant place without a word. The angular man looked at her thoughtfully; then he stooped over and said:

WHAT IS SHILOH?

A grand old remedy for Cough, Colds and Consumption; used through the world for half a century, has cured innumerable cases of incipient consumption and relieved many in advanced stages. If you are not satisfied with the results we will refund your money. Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00.

THE STATE OF JUSTICE WINKED.

A judge in a remote part of Australia recently had a painful case before him. It was that of a man charged with unlawfully selling liquor.

The judge said he was there to administer the law, but the man must be tried, but as he himself had frequently had the pleasure of sampling his whisky and he saw many persons in court who had done the same, perhaps the officer would kindly dismiss his trial to see if the place contained thirty shillings.

14 old. Story Stories.

A BOY'S BAD SPRAIN.

Mr. B. Bennie, of Union Mines, B. C. writes: My son Samuel Bennie got his sprain and bruised in the mines several weeks ago. The swelling and pain left until Mr. T. G. Blackstock's "Montreal Liniment." On the first application the swelling and soreness entirely left it, and the muscles began to loosen up so much that the same evening he was able to use his foot freely for the first time. I consider it the best liniment known. All druggists, 25 cents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

STEAMER
City of Kootenay

Sails from Victoria for Nanaimo...Tuesday 7 a.m. Nanaimo for Comox...Wednesday 7 a.m. Comox for Nanaimo...Friday 8 a.m. Calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

For freight, tickets and staterooms, apply on board.

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Traffic Manager.

Washington & Alaska Steamship Co's ALASKA EXCURSION TRIPS

SS. "CITY OF SEATTLE"

Sails from Outer Wharf

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WEDNESDAY July 5th
THURSDAY July 20th
FRIDAY August 4th
SATURDAY August 19th

Calling at Vancouver, Mary Island, Ketchikan, Wrangell, Skagway, Dyea and Hazelton's Mission, Glacier Bay, Sitka and various other ports, all of which she will visit long enough for passengers to see everything of interest.

For information, rates, etc., apply to DODWELL & CO., Ltd., General Agents Telephone 580. 64 Government St.

S.S. ALPHA

COOKOOOGEE

...WHI Sail on...

Wednesday the 28th last,

From C. P. N. dock taking the place of S. S. Danube. For freight and passage apply to C. P. N. Co., Wharf Street or J. D. Warren, 36 Fort St.

ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO.

—FOR—

Alaska and Gold Fields

STEAMERS

Dirigo and Rosalie

EVERY THURSDAY.

Calling at Mary Island, Metlakatla, Ketchikan, Wrangell, Juneau, Skagway and Dyea.

For full particulars apply to CANADIAN DEVELOPMENT CO., Agents.

32 Fort St. Phone 616.

STEAM FREIGHTER

"LAPWING," CAPT. FOOTE.

Lightering of every description at lowest rates to all British Columbia and Puget Sound ports.

For rates, etc., apply at the company's office, Janion block, Store street, Victoria, B. C. HUGO LOGAN, Agent.

Washington & Alaska S.S. Co.

LIGHTNING EXPRESS

to DYEY and SKAGWAY in 60 Hours

STEAMSHIP

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—SALES FOR—

Skagway and Dyea

every ten days. No stops, no delays. Round trip in seven days. Rates same as on other steamers. Next sailing:

TUESDAY, 20th JUNE.

Subsequent sailings: June 20, July 5 and 20, August 4, 19.

For rates and information apply to DODWELL & CO., Ltd.

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SICK HEADACHES

The curse of overworked woman-kind, are quickly and surely cured by Earl's Clover Root Tea, the great blood purifier and tissue builder. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts.

C.P.R. Co., Ltd., Steamers

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf for

Dyea Skagway Wrangel

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,

As follows, viz.:

"ALPHA" June 28.

"TEES" — July 5,

AT 8 O'CLOCK P.M.

And from Vancouver or following days.

For freight and passage apply at the office of the company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B. C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

65, 67 and 69 Yates Street, - Victoria, B. C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE.

The advertised year and conditions for acquiring the surface rights of mineral claims

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1899.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.

W. H. FILLIS, Manager.

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...OF...

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THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

The reason why the Colonist advocates the installation of a government in British Columbia, which will not be associated in the mind of any one with the late or the present ministry, is that it desires to see invested with power an administration which will neither be confronted with the prejudices, however ill-founded, against the former nor be answerable for the mistakes and follies of the latter. We submit that what the province needs at this juncture is a government that will represent the ideas and aspirations of the new British Columbia, which has come into existence during the last few years. In saying this we are withdrawing nothing that had ever been advanced in these columns in support of Mr. Turner and his late colleagues, but are simply recognizing conditions as they exist. The people want a progressive government. They want a government which will be wholly non-sectional. They want a government that can restore the fast waning confidence in the immediate future of the province. And so that the new government possesses these characteristics, it matters little who the premier is or who fill the cabinet offices.

A new departure, a complete new departure, is absolutely necessary. The government that has plunged the province into a condition of anxiety, distrust and confusion must be forced out of office. A complete reversal of policy will alone meet the necessities of the case, will alone restore confidence. As long as the government exists, even if it should be changed as regards its personnel, the responsibility for the mischievous legislation and baneful administration of the past will attach to it. We feel sure that the great majority of the supporters of the government in the house, and we venture to suggest that more than one member of the cabinet, would be very glad to be rid of the responsibility of defending the administrative and legislative acts of the last twelve months. It has been a period of folly and shame, which the people will try to forget as soon as they can after it has been brought to an end.

We present this simple solution of the present strained political situation. It presents no difficulties. All this is necessary is for the members of the legislature to place country before party, and to dismiss all personal considerations. There is abundant material in the legislature to form a new government which will meet all present necessities. It may be that those who have led must be ready to follow. It may be that new alliances must be formed. But no real difficulties are in the way either in the house or the country.

CONDITIONS IN ATLIN.

The correspondence which we print from Atlin to-day shows the evil that is being wrought by the writhed administration of good laws, and the passage of bad ones. Our correspondents are not instructed to present a partisan view of the situation. Their duty is simply to tell the news. What they say is fully borne out by private letters to which the Colonist has had access. Enormous loss will be entailed upon people who are by no means well able to bear it, by reason of the outrageous manner in which the government has acted. The alien-exclusion law has resulted in no good and has created an immense amount of confusion, as well as been the instrument of rank injustice. The manner in which the law relating to incorporated companies has been administered is preventing the investment of capital. Slowness in settling disputes makes nearly all titles uncertain and paralyzes business. Lieutenant-Governor McInnes has by this time reached the country. It is to be hoped that he will use his faculties of observation very thoroughly,

for if he does so, he will have abundant demonstration of the unfitness of his advisers to hold the reins of office and will anticipate by his own action what the growing demand of the people that the house shall be called together to voice public sentiment.

RICH MEN AND THEIR MONEY.

The hostility of some people towards rich men is like nothing so much as a hydrophobia's dread of water. They have the extraordinary notion that any one who feels like extending to a rich man the slightest consideration is a sycophant, or something worse. The rubbish that is printed about the extravagance of the rich is appalling. The great trouble is that rich people are not half extravagant enough. The man who spends \$20,000 a year in a community is a public benefactor. The chances are that he does not get as much pleasure out of it as some of those who get less than a twentieth part of it. If the rich man keeps his horses and thereby gives employment to men about his stables, to harness-makers, carriage-makers, blacksmiths and so on, besides making a market for farm produce. If he likes to have a beautiful garden, and employs a half dozen men keeping his premises in good shape. If he likes to see his wife and family dress well, and the dry-goods men, the dressmakers and the milliners profit by it. If he likes to sit down to a well-supplied table—many persons profit by it. There is little that the rich man uses that he himself produces. He must pay some one else for everything he has. Suppose we had a hundred rich men in Victoria each spending \$20,000 a year. This would mean \$2,000,000 put in circulation and the most of it distributed among wage-earners, and we venture to say that this would be a very good thing indeed. If \$2,000,000 were spent in this way, it would mean that a good many more people would be able to take newspapers, and of these there would probably be a certain proportion foolish enough to want the Times, so even our contemporary, which hates rich men so heartily, would derive some benefit from it.

Senator Macdonald seems to have scored a run off Sir Wilfrid Laurier's bat, as will be seen by the resolution introduced by him into the Senate on Friday.

The mild and gentle Times wants to lynch some one on account of what transpired at the Rossland banquet. This is the roughest thing on Mr. Joseph Martin that has yet appeared in print.

Our Vancouver correspondent does not speak very encouragingly of Mr. Cotton's chances in Vancouver. Mr. Cotton is learning the wisdom of the old saying: "A mill cannot grind with water that has passed."

The Colonist's prognostications as to the result of boring in the harbor seem to be borne out by the facts. The expenditure authorized was not enough to ascertain anything worth while going to the trouble of learning.

The story that China is about to tear down the Great Wall may be received with considerable allowance. No very plausible reason can be assigned for demolishing that structure, which is less in the way now than it would be if pulled down.

St. John is faring well at the hands of the present federal government. When will the day come that Victoria will receive justice at the hands of parliament? Not, we fear, until a party comes into power that will appreciate what the trade of the Pacific may be made to mean to Canada.

General Otis practically confesses that he is at his wits' end in regard to the Philippines. He never has had men enough. The American people have allowed their opinions in regard to this very arduous campaign to be formed by the writers of paragraphs for the funny papers. The consequence will be an awakening shortly to a state of things which will cause great anxiety, and can only be remedied at vast cost possibly in both blood and money.

Last evening's despatches reported a death upon a Pacific liner three days out of San Francisco attributed to the bubonic plague. Colonist readers will remember that this paper called attention some days ago to the necessity of taking immediate action to prevent the importation of this horrible disease. No means should be left untried to prevent it from invading this country. Victoria had a lesson from the smallpox that will last it for half a century.

Some disappointment is expressed by contemporaries that the trade between Canada and the United States is steadily increasing. We do not see that there is any ground for this. We may all feel disappointed that our trade with Great Britain is not growing as rapidly as we expected, but surely no one wants our exports to the United States to fall off. If the exports to that country increase we must naturally look for our imports from it to increase. Preferential trade with Great Britain seems to have proved a melancholy failure.

A very interesting story comes from the Interior. The manager of an English company wrote to the Agent-General, so the story goes, that Attorney-General Martin, speaking of the alien exclusion law, said: "I've fixed the Yankees. Now I'm going after the Englishmen." The Agent-General asked for an explanation, and Mr. Martin denied in the most vehement way that he had ever said anything of the kind. Perhaps he did not. But he has been guilty of acts in connection with the placer mines law which show him to be actuated by feelings of hostility to every Englishman

who desires to invest a dollar in the country.

Our Vancouver correspondent says that the suggestion in the interview sent by him and printed in Saturday's Colonist, that Mr. Cotton should be premier in a new government, is not well received in Vancouver. We knew it would not be; but the Colonist prints the news, whether it is to its liking or not.

An Ottawa despatch to the Times says that if the Board of Trade here had not stultified itself on the Kettle River charter its representations in regard to the Esquimalt dock dues would receive more attention. We suspect that we do no injustice to Senator Templeman when we suggest that this despatch emanated from him. If the Board stultified itself on the Kettle River question, it was chiefly through the efforts of the Senator and his friends.

The Montreal Star seems to have the impression that the government of British Columbia is under the direction of the Ottawa cabinet. This is a very great mistake, and it is also a mistake to call the Semlin administration a "coalition." Federal politics had no more place in its formation than in the continuance in power of the Turner ministry. Federal politics have played only an indirect part in our local affairs. So far as the present government is concerned, it is opposed quite as strongly by life-long Liberals as by Conservatives.

PASSING COMMENT.

The Globe thinks that the Colonist's statement regarding the political situation is remarkable. The only remarkable thing about it is its perfect simplicity. It clears the decks for action.

It is the Nelson Economist that remarks of Harry Dunn, the new American playwright, that "his name is on every lip." If this sort of thing keeps on the Economist will have to issue an expurgated edition for the use of its exchanges.

The Columbian complains that some of the papers are misquoting what it said about the crazy-quilt government. It would be a pity to do that, for the original was better than any paraphrase could possibly be. The Colonist liked it so well that it reprinted the entire article.

The Inland Sentinel says that the legislation of the Semlin government permits of a greater number of white people participating in the prosperity of the province than ever before. This is a very interesting statement, only it does not happen to be true. But a little thing like that never stands in the way of the Sentinel.

The Silvertonian says that the real question in the States is whether a miner can live on less than \$3.50 a day. That may be a part of the question but is not all. Another part of it is whether the mines can afford to pay more than \$3.00 for eight hours' work. There are many miners who would willingly work for ten hours for \$3.50 but the demagogues who control legislation in this province just now have seen fit to make it unlawful.

The Vernon News says that the Lieutenant-Governor ought to call the house together at once. He has the unquestioned right to do so, but his advisers could of course treat such an order as an expression of want of confidence, as indeed it might be very properly regarded. Nevertheless it would not necessarily bear this meaning. When the house meets, either in special or regular session, an expression of want of confidence will come promptly enough.

The Vancouver World has heard a rumor that Sir Charles Tupper is about to lay down the leadership of the Conservative party and that his place will be taken by Mr. Foster. The withdrawal of Sir Charles from the position which he so ably fills will mark an era in Canadian politics. It is an event which must in the order of things soon take place, for with all his remarkable vigor he can hardly feel equal to the duties of leadership very much longer. He may also feel that it is time to bring forward a new man who can lead the party when its turn comes again to take office. At the same time we feel bound to say that with Sir Charles in retirement other changes may be looked for.

WHY CORBIN BACKED OUT.

Found That Ministers Would Not Satisfy Scheme to Divert Trade from Canada.

The following letter, addressed to the editor of the Toronto Globe, appears in a recent issue of that paper:

"Some time ago the Globe published a statement that the withdrawal of the Corbin application was the result of an understanding entered into between the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Railway companies and Messrs. Hill and D. C. Corbin, in whose interest the measure of last year was introduced. This is incorrect, as Mr. Corbin is concerned. The bill of last year was introduced by Mr. Corbin alone. Mr. Hill has not had any other person or corporation, except the company controlled by Mr. Corbin, any interest whatever in the matter. The application for the present session was made by Mr. Corbin individually. As far as the Ottawa P. R. it would not pass the railway committee. The simple fact is that without the support of the government it is impossible to successfully oppose the Canadian Pacific in the House. As we were unable to obtain the bill at any more reasonable price to believe that certain members of the opposition would actively oppose the bill, Mr. Corbin, much against his will, was obliged to retire from the field, or submit to a certain and overwhelming defeat. Now for the last year and a half the P. R. has been exposing a competing railway in the Boundary district has been refused. It is not likely that the attempt will again be made either by Mr. Corbin or by any other independent person or corporation for many years to come. It may, therefore, be taken that the policy of Parliament

is to be continued.

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McClary's famous steel ranges and stoves at Clarke & Pearson's.

The largest stock of fishing tackle in the city just received direct from England at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street. Established 1862.

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The only practical repair men in Victoria—Onions & Plumley, 42 and 44 Broad street. Sole agents for Hartford and Durham Tires.

For Skagway—Alaska SS. Co.'s fast steamer Rosalie, Capt. O'Brien, from outer wharf Thursday, June 29th. Agency 32 Fort street.

You may consult Prof. Harvey, F.O. M.O.Q., of Toronto, free about those weak eyes, headache, eyes crossed, double or indistinct vision, loss of muscular power and all errors of refraction, at Fawcett's drug store, 49 Government street, until Saturday, July 15th.

"All our fine teas require 25 minutes to infuse" was formerly the yarn on some grocers' bags. Times, teas and tastes have changed and it is wonderful how easily and quickly a delicious cup of "HONDI" can be made. See directions on the packets.

Books that are great and new—"The Fowler," by Beatrice Harraden; "Siege of Chitral," by Robertson; "Bull's "Cruise of the Cachalot;" and "Round the World on a Wheel," by Fraser. For sale by the Victoria Book & Stationery Co. (late Jamison's).

Excursion.—In connection with the Christian Endeavor convention to be held at Detroit during July the Canadian Pacific railway are prepared to issue tickets from the Coast to Detroit and return first class for \$81. These tickets will be on sale on the 20th June; will be good for continuous passage only; going will be available for return up to the 31st August bearing stop-over privileges.

Corpus Christi Procession.—Indians from the Victoria, Esquimalt, Saanich, Cowichan, Kuper Island and other tribes gathered at Cowichan on Sunday to take part in the adjourned Corpus Christi procession. The procession was a very long one, including three Indian bands from Saanich, Cowichan and Kuper Island. In the absence of a Bishop of Vancouver Island, Bishop Danton of New Westminster celebrated the services and was assisted by priests of the diocese. The procession proceeded from the church and visited the convent and orphanage. This is one of the events of the year among the Catholic Indians of Cowichan.

Have you tried it? Our Ice Cream Soda. There is none better. F. W. Fawcett & Co., 49 Government street.

At Spring Ridge.—A concert will be held this evening in Odd Fellows' hall, Spring Ridge, under the auspices of the general committee and Ladies' Aid of St. Barnabas church. A first class programme has been provided, and refreshments will be served. It is needless to say that a very sociable evening is expected by the members of this congregation, who invite all their friends to be present and take part. The programme follows: Piano duet, "Victoria" by Kuhn, Messrs. Longfield; song, "Our Pro Nobis," Mr. Floyd; violin and cello, Mrs. Foot and Master Foot; song, Mr. McElhinney; sword dance, Master Milton Douglas; song, "Vesperite," Rev. E. G. Miller; comic song, "The Little Coon," Mr. Richardson. Interval. Piano duet.

Did You Notice that the Perfect Bicycle carried the winner in every amateur event in the Saturday Races?

G. C. Hinton & Co.

62 Government Street.

Atlinites

Make Protest.

Resolutions Passed Condemning the Delays in Settling Claims.

Mr. Helgesen Has a Word to Say Against the Government.

Special to the Colonist.

Atlin, June 10.—A mass meeting of citizens was called this afternoon, and a dense mass of people congregated in front of the Northern hotel platform. The chair was occupied by Rev. Mr. Pringle, and a number of speeches were made urging the necessity of taking the strongest possible measures of impressing the government with a due sense of the mischief that is being wrought through its delinquencies in this district. There was unanimous approval of the following resolution:

"That the Hon. the Lieutenant-Governor be informed of the serious hindrance to the development of the resources of the Atlin Lake mining district and of the injuries, hardships and delays occasioned to the free miners, business men and other residents of the districts arising from the wholesale jumping of placer claims and the granting of records (to jumpers) without the validity of prior stakings and recordings being settled and disposed of at the time of making such subsequent record; and further, that the acceptance by the mining recorder of all applications to record claims gives full and ample opportunity for such wholesale jumping whether claims are being actually worked or not, and results in the tying up and stoppage of work upon any claim in the district, including the most valuable thereof, without valid cause or reason whatever, thereby throwing out of employment and causing serious loss, damage and injury to large numbers of free miners and workmen, tying up for a long time miles of placer mining ground and seriously retarding and preventing the development of the district; and that, in view of the said state of affairs and of the fact that under the present ruling and interpretation of the Placer Mining act, the same may and no doubt will continue without end, even after the commissioner appointed by the Hon. the Lieutenant-Governor-in-council has, pursuant to the powers conferred by the Bennett Atlin Commission act, 1890, entered into and disposed of all disputes and difficulties coming before the said commissioners."

"Therefore be it resolved, That the Hon. the Lieutenant-Governor-in-council be asked to consider the means for the prevention of such difficulties arising in the future, and to make such orders relating to the recording, re-recording, definition of the location of claims and other matters for the purposes aforesaid, as to him may seem advisable and pursuant to the powers vested in him by the Placer Mining act."

This resolution was adopted unanimously amid applause. The chairman and others of the speakers referred to the "intolerable delays of the government," and characterized them as a "crime against the whole population of this district." The following resolution also was adopted unanimously:

"That in the opinion of this meeting of free miners, business men and residents of the Atlin Lake mining district, large areas and tracts of mineralized alluvial gold gravels, consisting in part of dry, bench and hill diggings, can be worked successfully and profitably only by the combination of considerable areas and with large capital and are available or suitable only for hydraulic mining purposes, and that the opening of such portions of the district should be encouraged by the judicious granting of leases of such land, thus attracting much capital to the district for investment which otherwise would never come, giving employment to hundreds of men willing and anxious to work, but who are now, owing to existing conditions, enforced to remain idle or return south; the granting of such leases could not in any way hinder or prejudice the rights or interests of any free miner, but would on the contrary, result greatly to his advantage."

This resolution excited some considerable discussion. The delay of the government in granting hydraulic lease and thus affording employment to many men in the district was strongly commented on.

It was then moved and carried that a deputation of three citizens be appointed to proceed to Victoria and lay the grievances of the district before the government. A committee was appointed to select the delegates, which later on were announced as Rev. Mr. Pringle, Dr. Munro and Mr. C. G. Lohgley.

A committee to solicit subscriptions to defray the expenses of the delegation was also appointed. It is intended that the delegation shall leave for Victoria the middle of next week.

This evening a meeting of American citizens resident here was held at the same place as the meeting in the afternoon. The business of the meeting was to take steps to draw the attention of the United States government to the injustice to which they had been subjected by the arbitrary cancellation of the right of staking placer claims, a right which they had bought and paid for, and which it was simple robbery now to deprive them of. The whole case of the American citizens was set forth in a voluminous memorial to be transmitted to the United States government, which is urged to demand reparation from Great Britain for the wrongs inflicted. A good deal of strong language is used in the document, language for which there is no doubt much justification as coming from men who have been undoubtedly grossly wronged by the Alien bill—but I cannot say that I regard the document as a whole as a very judicious one. My sympathies are entirely with the Americans in this matter, and I shall probably in my next letter have something further to say on the subject.

There was a good deal of surprise today at the announcement that Government Surveyor Browne had resigned. He informed me that the resignation was occasioned by the fact that there was little or no work remaining to be done, and in any case he was desirous of returning to the private practice of his profession.

The steamer Gleaner arrived from Bennett to-day. There were about thirty passengers and a good freight cargo. Judge Irving was not among the passengers. "Capt. John" came along, and

will leave again on the steamer for Bennett to-night.

A \$200 nugget is reported to have been taken out on Dr. Mitchell's claim on Pine creek to-day. Outside of this, there is little or no news from the creeks.

ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.

Atlin, B.C., June 10.—To-day Capt. John Irving with his steamer Gleaner completed her second trip to Taku City and was met by the steamer Scotia which brought her freight and passengers—53 to Atlin.

On Thursday, the 8th instant, Atlin's first steamer, the Scotia, completed her first trip amid the cheers and congratulations of Atlin's citizens. Speeches followed by songs and cheers were the order of the evening and then out and all adjourned to Mr. Russell's new hotel where a jolly good time was put in, in a way that only Atlinites can have a good time. Atlin as a place of amusement is hard to beat; during the present week no less than three dances and two concerts have been held in which every one enjoyed themselves. The masquerade of Friday night was declared the greatest social success of the season. People are now preparing for great celebrations on July 1st and 4th, Americans and Britshers taking part in both.

Encouraging reports are coming from the creeks every day, and to-day Dr. Mitchell, who purchased three claims about half a mile above on Pine, is showing a \$200 nugget he took out of his boxes this morning besides many small nuggets. Dr. Mitchell has tapped the pay streak and larger returns are looked for. For the last two weeks the Doctor has had three shifts of five men working with returns of one and a half ounces per man per day. Equally as good returns (not reports) are shown from Boulder, where on over one dozen claims below discovery they are taking one over an ounce to the man per day, and on several claims where they are properly opened up as many as four ounces to the man are shown.

McKee creek, which has been kept quiet, is now organized as one, if not the richest creek in the district. On 24 above the owners are showing a nice little wad of 140 ounces for five men's work for eight days, while at discovery they have taken out bigger money but keep very quiet. All along the creek men are busy and every one wears a cheerful smile, and has a bright word. Spruce creek also has good showings and while the returns are not as large still taking into consideration the greater amount of preliminary work required to be done, as the ground is much deeper, the returns are as good as Pine. All along Otter, Wright and Dixie the camp fires twinkle, telling the tale of the hunt for gold and though nothing very large has been shown, still the returns are so satisfactory that thousands of dollars are now being spent to prove the property.

Atlin has been advertised as a poor man's country, although to a certain, but very limited extent, this may be so, still its future lies in its extensive hydraulic gravels. On several of the creeks great hydraulic banks many acres in extent, although not showing enough to warrant a poor man to work, are awaiting the arrival of capital to recover the precious metal.

Capital is coming in but still people are wary as many do not wish to buy a lawsuit, and the inexorable and almost criminal negligence of the government is greatly retarding the country. If the government office got into a muddle last year, and if its officers deserved censure (which we think not), how much more censure does the government deserve for not having the muddle straightened out long before this, so that many men who to-day have not a \$5 piece and not a week's grub could go to work to earn an honest living, and also present the many daily cases of claim jumping with all its disgreableness and consequences? If the government were so eager to do what was right by Atlin from whom they have collected an enormous revenue, it is about time they should show it.

Every one was disappointed when the steamer arrived and "no judge." To-day the miners held a mass meeting to discuss the situation. Mr. Helgesen spoke very strongly denouncing the "dilly-dally; any-old-thing" policy of the government. The government were so eager to do what was right by Atlin from whom they have collected an enormous revenue, it is about time they should show it.

All the specimens of gold-bearing quartz I have seen in the country are white, hard and glossy. That coming from Surprise lake is the best looking, not only because it shows most gold to the eye, but is of a more promising appearance generally. I am told that the ledges are very strong, and that the showing of free gold in them is extremely encouraging. However, I will presently be able to write more accurately on this subject, for next week I intend going up to have a look at the ledges. This much I can say, however, that from what I have seen of the rock formation about here and of the specimens of free gold quartz brought in, it would not surprise me to learn of important discoveries at any time. Slate, gneiss, granite, porphyry and serpentinite rocks prevail.

Either this is an extraordinarily late season or the summers must be remarkably short here, for now it is nearly the middle of June and scarcely the sign of a bursting bud on the trees yet.

A wooden tramway has been built over the portage which connects Taku Arm with Atlin lake, but it is expected that when the water rises next month the steamers will be able to come through the short and shallow stream connecting the two bodies of water.

The failure of Judge Irving to arrive on the first boat in has provoked a great deal of bitter comment. It was confidently expected by many who have not even been dragged out their doors here awaiting the adjudication of their claims, that the Judge would arrive on the first steamer, and their disappointment has been correspondingly great.

The statement of Capt. Irving that the Judge was certainly on the way in had a quieting effect. Surely it is impossible that any community could be more shamefully maltreated and neglected than this one has been and is being.

It is to be regretted that the government would seem

almost to be doing its utmost in every

possible way to prevent the play of enterprise in this district. The gold commissioner tells me that he has no knowledge of what action the government will take in these matters, his duty being finished when his reports on the applications are forwarded. Meantime the

season is fast slipping by and in a few weeks it will be too late to begin the work of prospecting these hydraulic gravels, which work it is essential should be done before the flotation of companies to operate the leases can take place.

The flotation it was expected could be made in the monied centres next winter, but this it is found will be impossible except in very few cases, and if the government delay continues much longer, it will be the government's fault.

Resolved that this house desires to express its approval of the declaration of policy contained in a portion of the speech of the Right Hon. the Premier of the 9th June, relative to Yukon railway matters, of which the following is a summary:

"Should it be decided in the future that Lynn Canal does not belong to Canada, the policy of Canada will be to gain access to the Yukon, not by Lynn Canal, but by building railways down to what are indisputably Canadian waters, to Observatory Inlet, through the Cassiar, Atlin and Yukon districts."

This house desires to re-affirm the following portions of the resolutions adopted by it during last session relative

HYGIENE OF THE MOUTH AND STOMACH.

The great importance of attention to the Hygiene of the mouth and stomach is insisted upon by the Medical Profession. No better means can be adopted than the regular use of about a wineglassful of "Apenta" Water on first rising in the morning.

The mouth should be rinsed with it before drinking.

"APENTA"
THE BEST LAXATIVE.

OF ALL DRUGGISTS AND MINERAL WATER DEALERS.

VISITORS TO SIDNEY.

Popularity of the Resort Puts Tax on Hospitality of Villagers.

Sidney, June 26.—At the school meeting on Saturday Mr. John Brethour was elected trustee in place of Mr. Wesley Brethour, who retires.

About a thousand people visited this popular resort on Saturday and there were over a car load of bicycles come.

The highest of any tender not necessarily accepted. By order.

PROVINCIAL RIGHTS ASSOCIATION OF B.C.

TEMPORARILY ORGANIZED IN AUGUST, 1898.

In defence of Provincial Autonomy, ruthlessly invaded by Thomas R. McInnes, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province, and to guard the rights and liberties of the people against mis-government. A constitutional, and not a party or political organization.

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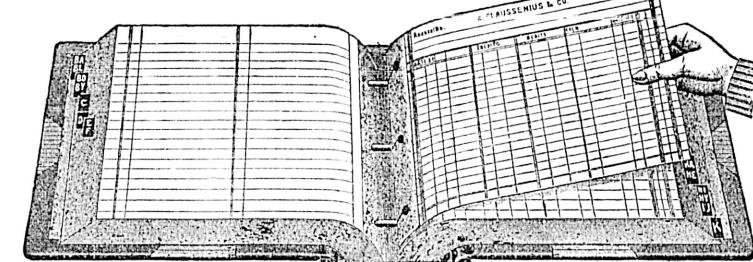
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THE COLONIST CO. have secured the right for British Columbia, to manufacture the Opalla Loose Leaf Ledger, and business men desirous of securing this simple and modern method of keeping accounts, are requested to call at this office and inspect the same.

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Col. Ray of Port Arthur Completes His Mission to The Coast.

Dominion Guests Joined in Marriage—A Romance of the Middle North.

Col. S. W. Ray, of Port Arthur, Ont., who has been spending several days at the Driard, has left for Nelson to attend to business interests in that quarter. Col. Ray is one of the foremost business men of Western Ontario, representing large British capitalists, as well as his own wealth—and the latter being so extensive that he has for some time conducted a private bank in Port Arthur, which ranks in importance and credit with the chartered institutions. Col. Ray's mission to the Coast has been in connection with the organization of the Arctic Slope Hydraulic Mining Co., Ltd., capitalized at \$1,000,000, which has just taken over all the properties and interests of the Omineca Consolidated Mining Co., as well as 30 or more leases in the same district. Men to work these properties went in some time ago under the command of Captain Black, while the hydraulic plant was shipped in soon after, by way of Quesnel, and is by this time at work, in all probability. Col. Ray expects that thoroughly satisfactory dividends will be coming out of Omineca before long. If it is necessary, the new company will itself furnish transportation facilities to the Coast.

Charles Owens and Miss Stovall registered at the Dominion on Saturday evening last; yesterday the register was amended to read "Charles Owens and wife," for Rev. George F. Swinnerton had in the meantime performed the marriage ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Owens are from East Challum, and their wedding was duly witnessed by Mr. and Mrs. Robert McSmith, also from that section, Mrs. Smith being a sister of the bride. Another newly wedded couple at present enjoying the hospitality of the Dominion are (to us) Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cosser, of Port Angeles, Mr. Cosser being a member of the staff of the Tribune-Times.

Fred. S. Johnston and family, from Glenora, are registered at the Dominion. Mr. Johnston, who is the proprietor of one of the few stores at Glenora, had a touch of romance in his experience of life in the North, the romance culminating in his marriage. His bride came in over the Ashcroft trail, showing such marked fortitude, coupled with womanly modesty, that Mr. Johnston felt it his duty to promptly fall in love. She prevaricated, so everything was just as it should be.

S. C. McDonald, J. Aitken, J. A. McKay and J. Bourges, of Atlin City; and A. Stadlander and J. Borthen, from Liard River, are among those who arrived down by the Cottage City yesterday and are at the Queen's. Mr. McKay was one of the last to leave Atlin, and says that very little is being done there by anyone. The one reason is the mix-up in titles; another equally potent—the presence even now of too much snow to do effective work.

W. E. Judd of Winnipeg and T. C. W. Armstrong of Montreal are enjoying a visit to Victoria, as guests of the Driard.

Hugh R. Tidhope, artistic-treasurer of the Orillia Carriage Co., of Orillia, and R. Armstrong, of Grand Forks, are at the Driard. The former is a brother of D. Tidhope, at one time the stand-by of the Victoria lacrosse team.

C. E. Percy Hughes, a son of the famous Axminster carpet manufacturer of the name, is at the Driard. He is now "on the road" for the firm's products, his father being at the head of the company and himself the junior. F. W. Westren and H. L. Naville, two Toronto knights of the grip, are also making the Driard their home at the present time.

Mrs. Charlotte B. Brown, of San Francisco; Mrs. W. E. Ritter, Mrs. C. L. Higgins and Mrs. J. L. Lumbar, all of Berkeley, form a party of California pleasure-seekers now at the Driard.

They returned from viewing Alaska's majestic mountains, and are now spending a holiday at the Hotel Victoria.

E. Castley and A. W. Evans, with Misses Robinson and Batsheka of Nanaimo, spent Sunday as guests at the Queen's.

R. Hope, of Pender Island, who is making one of his periodical purchasing trips to the city, is at the Occidental.

Twenty members of the Norris Dog Shows company (not counting the canine performers) are at the Dominion.

Fred. C. Fisher, Mrs. Fisher and family are spending a few days at the Queen's.

C. F. Reitze, of Vancouver, who has just returned from a trip to Skagway, is at the Dominion.

W. J. Quinlan, the well-known Nelson dentist, formerly a resident of Victoria, is at the Oriental.

George McI. Brown, executive agent of the Canadian Pacific, is again a guest at the Driard.

H. C. Moore of Cannington, Assa, a gentleman who has had enough of the Teslin lake country, is at the Dominion.

John H. Poff, the Vancouver insurance specialist, is at the Hotel Victoria.

Edgar Bloomfield and A. R. Creagh, of Vancouver, are at the Victoria.

W. E. Dunn, of Seattle, and C. F. Fisher, of San Francisco, are among the brigade of commercial men now making their home at the Hotel Victoria.

P. Green of Alexandria, is at the Queen's.

A. Leakey, the Quamichan storekeeper, is a guest at the Occidental.

C. N. Westwood, wife and family, of Nanaimo, are at the Oriental.

A. Thompson and C. P. Ferry, both of Tacoma, are at the Driard.

Accompanied by his brothers, James S. and William Brandon, who have just arrived on the Coast from Austerlitz, Ont., and their friend and traveling companion, W. T. Clarke, of Kingston.

A. Taylor, of Duncan, was at the Hotel Victoria yesterday, on his way back to England, he having spent several months very pleasantly in this province. His friend, George S. Macnah, also of Duncan, accompanied him as far as this city to "see him off."

George A. Kelly, who has spent some years on Princess Royal Island, to the North of the Queen Charlotte group, is at the Dominion for a few days. He regards the prospects of the little known island which he has devoted himself to exploring as thoroughly hopeful.

T. F. Rice, of Seattle, who has just returned from a prospecting trip along the northern coast from Juneau, is at the Dominion. He regards the district referred to as extraordinarily rich in gold quartz.

W. Campbell, the Port Neville logger; William Carr, of Winnipeg, and Thomas Williams, a successful miner just returned from the North, are at the Occidental.

J. D. Young and D. Allen, of Vancouver; J. E. Anderson, of Kingston, Ont., and John Peck, of Westminster, form a quartette of drummers at present quartered at the Hotel Victoria.

Harry Smith, the Mount Sicker claim owner and Duncan storekeeper, with A. Peterson, who is associated with him in business, registered at the Hotel Victoria yesterday.

Mrs. A. J. Jones and family, of San Francisco, are spending a few days as guests at the Hotel Driard, having just returned from Alaska by the Cottage City. Their trip was purely one of pleasure.

Walter K. Meyers, a member of the Dawson contingent of the Northwest Mounted Police, arrived down from the Klondike by the Cottage City and is at the Dominion.

S. A. Erskine, of the Acton Burrows publishing Co. of Winnipeg, with his daughter, Miss Lila Erskine, is at the Dominion. Father and daughter are enjoying a holiday visit to the Coast.

Louis B. Clarke and Miss Marie C. Clarke, of Chicago, spent Sunday at the Driard, on their way home by the C. P. R. They have been enjoying a summer visit to California.

J. A. Fullerton, E. A. Quigley, J. E. Fagan and F. F. Burns, of Vancouver, arrived at the Driard Sunday evening, being here to meet the incoming Empress from the Orient this morning.

Howard J. Duncan, Stuart Lingham and H. D. Twigg, all of Vancouver, are spending a few days at the Hotel Victoria, in the course of a pleasant holiday tour.

L. S. and Mrs. Brigham, with their family, are at the Driard. The party are enjoying a pleasure tour of the Coast, being from Marlboro, Mass.

L. Rogers, partner of the New Westminster-Nanaimo steamer Robert Dunsford and James Dick of Nanaimo, are guests at the Oriental.

W. T. Sted, marine insurance adjuster of Portland, is here in connection with the accident to the Danube. He is at the Victoria.

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"AN EMPTY SACK CANNOT STAND UPRIGHT."

Neither can poor, weak, thin blood nourish and sustain the physical system. For strength of nerves and muscles there must be a pure, rich, healthy blood. Saponin, the standard preparation for the blood, and its many remarkable cures and the fact that it does everybody good who takes it prove it is just what you need if you are weak and languid.

HOPE'S PILLS do not gripe. All drugists, 25¢.

The District

Schools.

Closing Examinations at Chebanus and Oyster Bay Friday.

Pupils of the St. Louis College Dismissed for the Holidays.

The closing examination of St. Louis College took place yesterday, a number of the parents of the boys being present to hear the reading of the promotion and prize lists, which follow:

Promoted to Primer—P. Agar, A. West, P. Callum, J. and R. Ruehland, P. Reda, P. McLean.

Primer, Promoted to First Reader—A. Agar, A. Alpin, J. West, Fred Callum, J. Thompson, G. Medina, E. Flannigan.

First Reader, Promoted to Senior Division—P. Hallyer, T. Brown, M. Longpre, R. Hickey, Price List—F. Sweeney, first arithmetic; P. Hallyer, reading; J. Brown, Christian doctrine; M. Longpre, Bible history; S. Parent, good conduct; T. Becker, second arithmetic.

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.

Promotions: To Junior IV—C. Brown, W. Martin, E. Carroll, T. Gray, C. O'Keefe, E. McQuade, N. Zarelli, J. Locke.

To Senior III—J. Sweeney, J. McArthur, P. McDonald, A. Zarelli, J. Robbins, J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang.

To Junior II—A. Barnes, F. King, W. McLean, G. Brinkman, R. Greg, P. O'Rourke, T. O'Rourke, V. Brinkman, J. Brinkman, J. McLehan, T. O'Rourke.

Prize List: Special J. McArthur, Christian doctrine; E. Carroll, politeness; J. Robbins, deportment, presented by Mrs. Sweeney; A. Zarelli, first arithmetic; J. O'Rourke, third arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior III—C. Brown, first grammar and Bible history; W. Martin, second grammar and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling; T. Gray, first reading; C. O'Keefe, second arithmetic; E. McQuade, second Bible history; N. Zarelli, first arithmetic; J. Locke, second arithmetic; J. O'Rourke, third arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior II—A. Barnes, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior I—A. Barnes, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior IV—T. Keppock, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior V—J. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior VI—T. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior VII—T. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior VIII—T. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior IX—T. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior X—T. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior XI—T. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior XII—T. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

Class Premiums, Senior XIII—T. Keefe, first spelling; J. McArthur, first geography and Bible history; P. McDonald, second spelling and Bible history; A. Zarelli, geography; J. Robbins, first arithmetic; J. McLehan, C. McKay, P. McQuade, J. Roach, N. Lang, second arithmetic.

It's One of Those Teas

That all you have to do is to put the dry leaf into the Tea Pot, pour on fresh boiling water, and in a few minutes you can pour off a cup of Tea in perfection that will overcome all doubts and fears.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

THE TEA THAT IS PURE.

LEAD PACKETS ONLY—ALL CROISS.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, June 26—8 p. m.

SYNOPSIS.

The barometer, which has been abnormally low over the Pacific Slope for several days, is now rising in advance of an approaching ocean high air mass. The latter will probably bring more settled and warmer weather in this vicinity for several days. Showers have occurred on this island, and rain is falling on the lower Mainland and about Kamloops, while east of the Rockies thunder storms have been general, and the temperature has risen above 80° in Manitoba.

TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	49	63
New Westminster	50	62
Kamloops	48	70
Barkerly	42	56
Calgary	48	70
Winnipeg	52	82
Portland, Ore.	52	69
San Francisco, Cal.	54	64

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time) Tuesday:

Victoria and vicinity—Fresh S. W. and W. winds, generally fair today and Wednesday. Lower Mainland—Fresh S. W. and W. winds, clearing today, fair and warmer

DENISON.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

SUNDAY, June 25.

Deg.	Deg.
5 a.m. 51	Mean. 54
5 a.m. 55	Highest. 55
5 p.m. 54	Lowest. 51

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m.	9 miles west.
Noon.	8 miles southwest.
5 p.m.	8 miles south.

Average state of weather—Cloudy, with shower.

Rain, 0.7 inches.

Sunshine, 24 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed, 29.844

Corrected, 29.793

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

MONDAY, June 26.

Deg.	Deg.
5 a.m. 49	Mean. 56
Noon. 58	Highest. 63
5 p.m. 50	Lowest. 49

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m.	2 miles south.
Noon.	5 miles south.
5 p.m.	12 miles west.

Average state of weather—Partly cloudy, with shower.

Rain, 0.7 inches.

Sunshine, 5 hours 48 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed, 29.944

Corrected, 29.894

E. BAYNES REED,
Provincial Forecast Official.

PASSENGERS.

By Steamer Yosemite from Vancouver.

Rev. Canon Paddon P. S. Mills

F. W. Parker Miss C. Macdonald

J. A. Thompson Miss Howell

R. Collier J. H. Stewart

R. E. Blackwood W. R. Turner

Yee Chung Lung Mr. Barker

Bath & S. P. Co. Miss Barker

Act. S. P. Co. Miss Barker

D. R. Ker Mr. Barker

J. Catheart Miss Barker

J. Buchanan Mr. C. P. Ferry

P. Ross Mr. C. P. Ferry

P. Barnes Mr. C. P. Ferry

Mrs. Barnes Mr. C. P. Ferry

P. M. Robinson Miss Hilt

Mrs. Robinson T. J. Hilt

H. L. DeBeck Miss A. Brown

D. Deely Miss Lenfesty

G. Ryker W. W. Pally

By steamer Utopia from the Sound:

Capt. Gatter Mr. G. Ross

M. Bunting Mr. H. Davis

F. F. Shaw Mr. H. Grindall

W. M. Brighton Miss Sampson

J. McAnanion Miss Sampson

Mrs. Conlin Miss Sampson

H. R. Jackson Col. C. P. Ferry

O. Grundall Mrs. E. G. Ferry

Miss Rose Mrs. E. G. Ferry

H. Thompson Mr. E. G. Ferry

Capt. F. Fraser Mr. E. G. Ferry

B. Haywood Mr. E. G. Ferry

L. L. Brighton Chas. Taylor

Mrs. Brighton T. Sader

CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Utopia from the Sound:

G. E. Jones T. R. Guizack

N. Point Co. Naval store officer

Sinclair and Co. Leister and Co.

H. E. Blackwood

Yee Chung Lung

Lowenberg and Son

Act. S. P. Co. Shorpe and Anderson

A. Mansell Nicholls and R.

J. J. Matholliard T. M. Gibson

M. A. Wayde B. C. Hilt

Martin and R. G. C. Hilt

L. H. Hafner J. H. Todd and Son

G. H. Bowers R. Maynard

R. Maynard G. Mason

E. J. DeLaher G. Mason

M. B. Sharp A. W. Knight

H. Mansfield O. B. Ormond

S. McQuade W. W. White

Press, Books and News Co.

Pither and Leiser T. N. Hibben

G. L. Courtney W. A. Steers

Shawigan L. L. Col. J. B. Ferguson

O. Koschee A. M. Jones

The workman often eats his lunch on the same bench where he does his work. The office man turns his desk into a dining table. Neither gets the out of doors exercise he needs, neither takes the proper time for eating. It is small wonder that the digestion of the food is poor. In such cases Dr. Phoebe's Pleasant Pills come to their assistance by aiding nature in taking care of the food.

The cause of nine-tenths of the sickness of the world is constipation. From this one cause come indigestion, disorders of the stomach, headache, flatulence, heartburn, impurity of the blood and the serious complications that follow. To begin with, constipation is a little thing, and a little thing will cure it. The "Pleasant Pills" are tiny sugar-coated granules. They will perfectly cure the worst case of constipation and indigestion. If the druggist tries to sell you some other pill that pays him greater profits, just think of what will best pay you.

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CEYLON TEA

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LEAD PACKETS ONLY—ALL CROISS.

Rockefeller
Disappointed.

Had Intended to Spend a Day
in Victoria—A Strike
Near Juneau.

The Great Areas of the Far
North—A Pathetic
Tragedy.

The silks and satins of the fashionable and the inartistic but serviceable Mackinaw of the returning miner mingled in grotesque contrast on the promenade deck of the Cottage City when the steamer reached port from the North in the very early hours of yesterday morning, her travellers being about equally divided between holiday excursionists who had made the round trip for health or pleasure, and bronzed and bearded veterans just out from the diggings with their dust to show for their season.

The holiday-makers of course were headed by Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, the former being reported the richest man of America and one of the richest in the world. His income is indeed so immense now that the millions begin mounting without any effort on his part to increase them, the mere enjoyment of his ten-day vacation among the Alaskan mountains and glaciers added another half-million to his "pile."

He was not on business in the North, nor were any of the members of his party, Mr. Rockefeller could not resist the habits of earlier years, however, and found considerable interest on the down-trip in interviewing the returned miners as to ore bodies and formations in the districts they had penetrated—and their inducements to capital seeking investment.

The miners, on the other hand, thought it an excellent thing to interest Mr. Rockefeller while the opportunity offered, and it may be an excellent thing for the North eventually that the Oil King turned his holiday steps in that direction. According to Dr. Bigger, Mr. Rockefeller's most intimate friend and closest companion, all members of the party were very much disappointed that the late return of the steamer permitted no opportunity for seeing Victoria. Their original plan had been to disembark here and spend a day at the Mount Baker, going then to Vancouver, where their private cars are now hurrying to New York, their special cars attached to the C. P. R. Atlantic express.

Of the gold brought by the Cottage City, very little found its way for secure keeping into the purser's safes. Indeed the amount committed to the custody of Mr. Curtis was something less than \$10,000, although \$7,000 worth of this dust has a very interesting history. It is a shipment from Juneau to a Seattle outfitting house that had grub-staked the steamer, and represents the first return from a new gold district some 50 miles to the south of Juneau, reports from which are most encouraging.

The discoverers of the field are said to have kept their luck secret with good success, until friends and relatives could be got in on the "grand floor," the imitation of the favored ones being now at its height. Aside from the fact that the gold is from shallow placers, little definite news of the strike could be obtained at the unlocked door they were horrified to discover that each of the three rude beds contained the dead body of a man.

They had hauled the appearance of the hut with rejoicing, anticipating that it would mean a hospitable welcome and companionship. Everything seemed strangely silent about it, however, and entering at the unlocked door they were horrified to discover that each of the three rude beds contained the dead body of a man.

How long they had been dead it would be impossible to say, for the bodies had been frozen hard as rock and were only just beginning to thaw out. There was plenty of food in the house, both of provisions and of fuel, together with upwards of \$1,000 in money.

The men it appeared from the dairy kept by one of them, had been on their way from Telegraph Creek to Teslin when attacked by scurvy; this they got as long as strength remained with them—then perishing miserably in the wilderness. Two of the unfortunate were brothers, J. E. and A. V. Allison, and their comrade, S. J. Carter, came from New Zealand. The diary had been kept by A. V. Allison and contained a short account of their sufferings, eloquent in its simplicity.

Mr. B. J. McGinnis, of Klondike City, who left the steamer here and spent yesterday at the Driard, puts the output for 1899 at \$15,000,000, and declares this to be a most conservative and common-sense estimate. He was, unfortunately, not one of the lucky ones himself, but he does not by any means lay the blame for this upon the country, than which he does not believe there is a better gold district on the face of the earth.

Klondike City, it may be explained, is the old original capital of the district—an Indian village in the first place; then known among the miners as Loutsown; and still declared to be the best city site in the locality. He has spent the greater part of his time, however, on the lower river,